



Proposal on Measuring Bubble Formation in Liquid Metals

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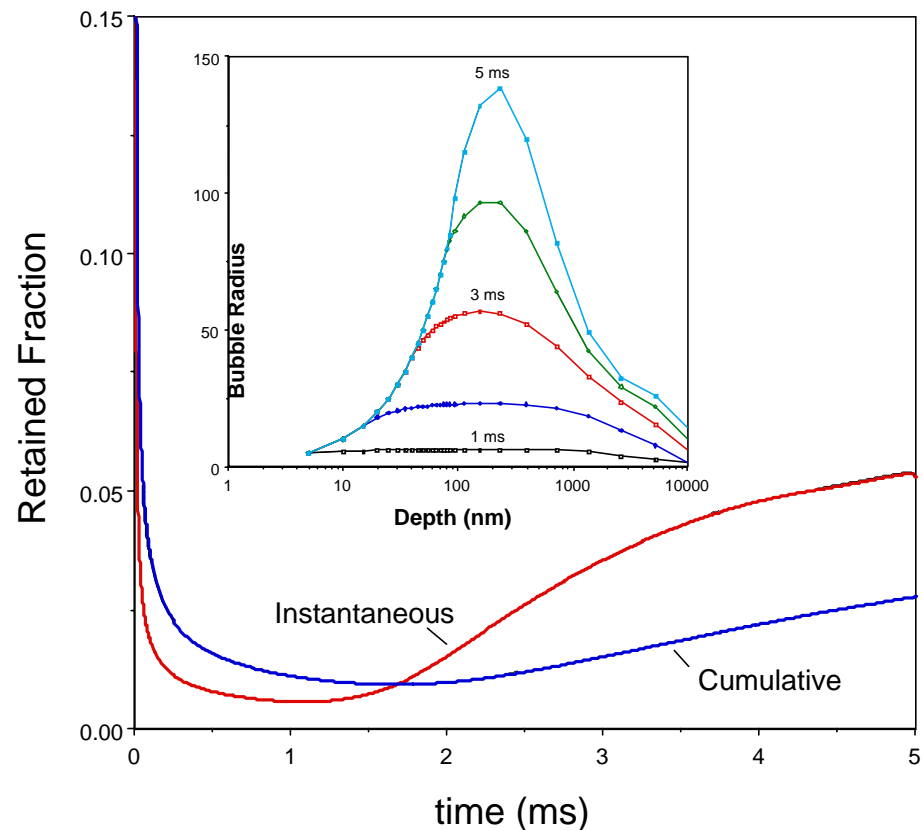
Experimental Goals:

- Test the Bubble Evolution model for He in liquid metals
- Benchmark the code at low flux
- Look for bubble effects on H-trapping

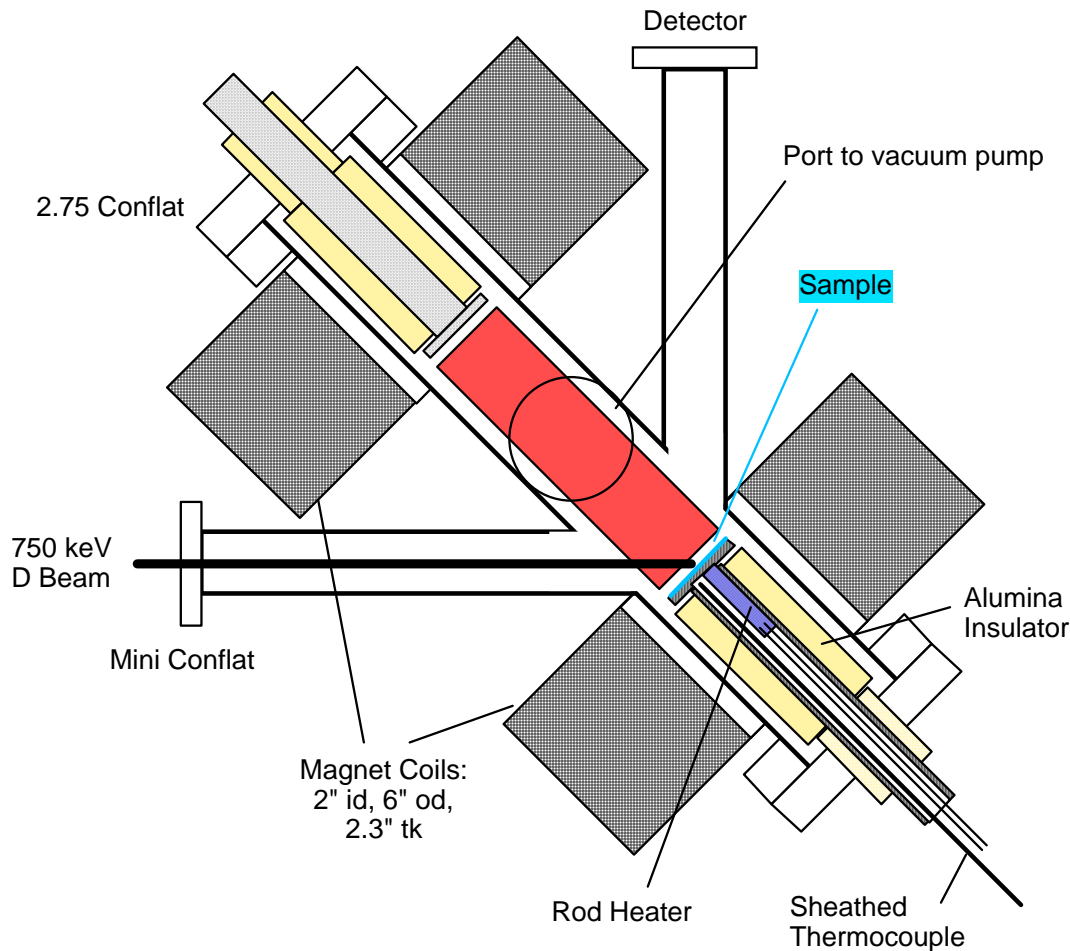


We propose an experiment to quantify the He dynamically retained within the liquid metal.

- Sandia's modified Nano-Bubble Evolution code (NBE-L) predicts:
Liquid Ga or Sn at 600 K, exposed to a He flux of 10 mA/cm², will retain 10¹⁴-10¹⁵ He/cm² in bubbles within 1-2 μm deep.
- This concentration should be present in steady-state.
- It can be measured
 - by ³He(d,p)⁴He NRA
 - by He Re-emission.
- If bubbles are not present, the concentration will be low; and measurements will yield the effective He diffusivity.



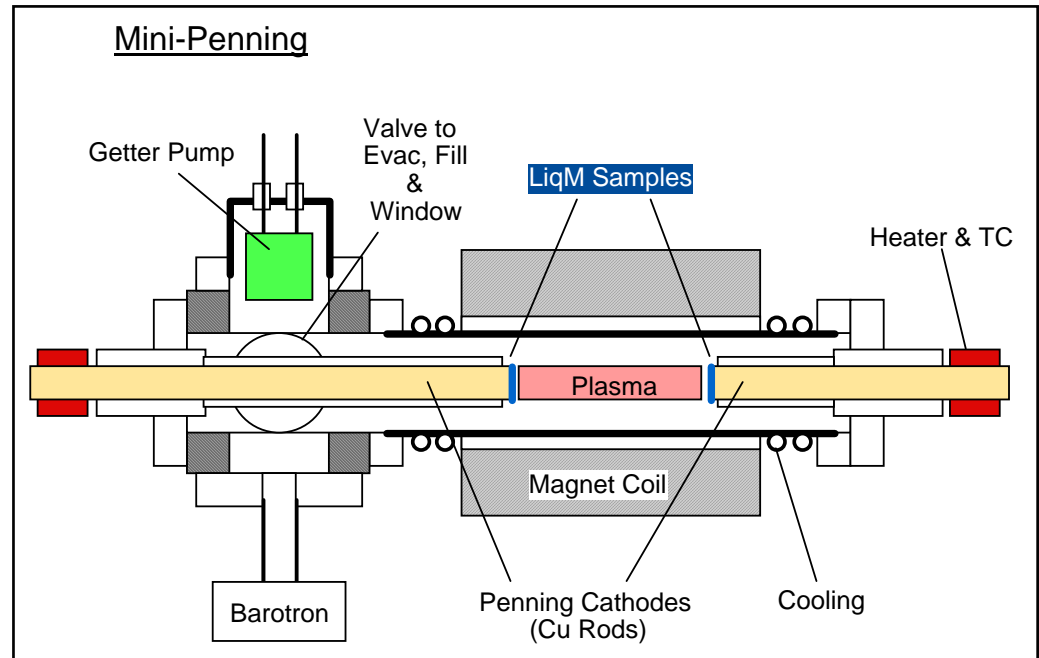
He Depth Profiling Experiments will use SNL-CA's shielded deuteron accelerator facility.



- Penning trap produces flux of 10^{21} He/m²-s at 1 keV.
- Liquid Ga or Sn (1 cm²) covers trap (cathode) plate.
- ³He added to plasma is profiled in LiqM by d⁺ beam.
- High steady-state retention will signify bubble formation.
- Temperature dependence of retention will be compared with the code.

He Re-emission Experiments will determine the quantity of He in nano-bubbles by desorption.

- It uses a small volume (35 cc), getter-pumped He Penning discharge with Liquid Metal cathodes.
- The discharge is stabilized in steady-state, where
re-emission rate = implant rate,
then isolated.
- The quantity of He in the LiqM is determined from the pressure rise after the discharge is terminated.
- Compare liquid with solid.



Quantity in film $\approx 5 \times 10^{14}$ He

Quantity in gas phase $\approx 1 \times 10^{16}$ He

$\Delta P/P \approx .05$

Barotron sensitivity, $\Delta P/P = .0001$

Equipment and funding requested:

- No new equipment is needed.
 - Magnet and power supplies are available.
 - Penning chamber and electrode assemblies will be fabricated.
- Unique accelerator facility can measure ^3He or D.
 - For ^3He - ^4He plasma: ^3He conc. and profile by $^3\text{He}(d,p)^4\text{He}$
 - For He-D plasma: D conc. and profile by $D(^3\text{He},p)^4\text{He}$
(Can also examine potential D-trapping in He-filled bubbles.)
- Requested funding for Sandia staff: \$30k

